ENGLISH COURSE SYLLABUS

Course Title: 11 H2 American Literature

Department: English

Primary Course Materials: Primary Course Materials :

Unit One: The Puritans

Textbook	The Elements of Literature	Holt, Rinehart & Winston
Readings	Puritan Introduction from text	
<u>e</u>	"A Model of Christian Charity"	Winthrop
	New England Primer	
	"Of Plymouth Plantation"	Bradford
	"They Knew They Were Pilgrims"	
	"A Planter's Days"	Byrd
	"A Puritan's Days"	Sewall
	"Captivity Narrative"	Rowlandson
	"Sinners in the Hands"	Edwards
Poetry	"Upon the Burning of Our House"	Bradstreet
Novel	The Scarlet Letter	Hawthorne
Drama T	he Crucible	Miller
Short Story	Endicott and the Red Cross Young Goodman Brown	Hawthorne

Unit Two: The Enlightenment

Textbook	The Elements of Literature	Holt, Rinehart & Winston
Readings	Historical Introduction from text "What is an American" Declaration of Independence "The Crisis" "Speech to Virginia Convention" "The Autobiography" "Poor Richard's Almanac" "I Have a Dream"	Crevecoeur Jefferson Paine Henry Franklin King Franklin
Kemarks	Concerning the Savages of North America"	FIAIIKIIII
Film	1776	StoneUnit Three:
Unit Three: The Ro	omantics	
Textbook	The Elements of Literature	Holt, Rinehart & Winston

Readings Unit Introduction from text

	"Rip Van Winkle" "Devil and Tom Walker" "Sleepy Hollow"	Irving
Poetry	"Thanatopsis " "To a Waterfowl " "Psalm of Life" "Tide Rises, Tide Falls" "The Raven" "Alone" "The Bells"	Bryant Longfellow Poe
Novel	One Flew Over the Cuckoo's N	est Kesey
Transcender	ntalist Essays "Nature" "Self - Reliance" Excerpts from Walden	Emerson Thoreau
Unit Three: Dickinso	on and Whitman	
Reading "Er	nily Dickinson"	Brooks
Poetry	"Much Madness Is Divinest Ser "My Life Closed Twice"	nse" Dickinson
	"Hope is a Thing with Feathers" "Song of Myself" "The Learned Astronomer" "Noiseless Patient Spider"	., Whitman
Related Performance	The Belle of Amherst The Dead Poet's Society One Flew Over the Cuckoo's Nest	Luce Weir Foreman
Unit Four: The Regio	onalist / The Realists/ The Naturalist	
Textbook	The Elements of Literature	Holt, Rinehart & Winston
Reading	Unit Introduction from text	

The Regionalist/ The Realist

Short Story	"Outcasts of Poker Flats"	Harte	
	"Occurrence at Owl Creek"		Bierce
	"Beyond the Bayou"	Chopin	
	"The Jumping Frog Calaveras County"	Twain	
	"Editha"	Howells	
Novel	My Antonia		Cather
Poetry			

	" Miniver Cheev "Richard ("Annadale	Cory"	Robinson
The Naturalists			
	Short Story "The Law of L "The Open Bo		London Crane
	Novella Maggie		Crane
	Poetry "A Man Said to the "To the M "The Way "I saw a M	aiden" farer"	Crane
Unit Six	The Modernist		
	Textbook The Elements o	f Literature	Holt, Rinehart & Winston
	Reading Unit Introducti	on from text	
	Short Story "Solider's Hor "A Clean We "Today is Frid	ll Lighted Place"	Hemingway
	Novel The Great Ga Of Mice and Men	tsby	Fitzgerald Steinbeck
	Poetry "The Love Song of "The Hollowmen"	J Alfred Prufrock"	Eliot
	"Desert Places" "Death of the Hired	l Man	Frost

<u>Course Description:</u> Course Description

This course uses an historical -biographical approach to teach students that literature is not written in a vacuum. By virtue of being alive in the world, writers become saturated with the culture, ideas, and beliefs of the times in which they live. Therefore, the course is organized in chronological order, progressing from the earliest period of American literature, Puritanism to the most prolific period, Modernism. The main objective of this approach is to have students compare and contrast the characteristic ideas of each movement and thereby see the development of both the American character and the American Dream.

Students are expected to read carefully and actively. Because the foundation of the course is class discussion, students are expected to come to class prepared with observations, questions, and comments concerning the assigned text. These observations, comments, and questions should reflect the students' independent attempts to interpret and analyze the text. Most importantly, the students will be asked to make connections across literary movements and use material from the assigned texts to support their conclusions.

For the most part, writing assignments in this class will be analytical essays. The goal of these essays will be for the student to explain clearly, and cogently, what they understand about the assigned literary works and why they interpret them as they do.

In addition, students will continue to work on developing vocabulary, refining grammar skills, improving public speaking and presentation skills and exploring the uses of technology in all of these areas.

- **Essential Questions:** 1. How have American writer's views of God, Nature, the individual, and his relationship to society been influenced by the times in which they lived?
 - 2. How have writers continued to redefine the concepts of "the American Dream" and the American character?
 - 3. What aspects of modern American culture seem to be the legacy of the writers and thinkers studied in this course?

Course Objectives:

1. Read, write and communicate effectively 2. Read a rich variety of literary works, including fiction, poetry, drama, and nonfiction from different periods. Students should be able to relate these works to human aspirations and life experiences.

3. Analyze the implications of literary works, and communicate them through speaking , writing, and artistic expression.

4. Analyze, interpret and evaluate information

5. Make reasoned inferences and construct

logical arguments.

Common Goals:

Thinking and Communicating

- 1) Read information critically to develop understanding of concepts, topics and issues.
- 2) Write clearly, factually, persuasively and creatively in Standard English.
- 3) Speak clearly, factually, persuasively and creatively in Standard English.
- 4) Use computers and other technologies to obtain, organize and communicate information and to solve problems.
- 5) Conduct research to interpret issues or solve complex problems using a variety of data and information sources.

Gain and Apply Knowledge in and across the Disciplines

- 6) Gain and Apply Knowledge in:
 - a) Literature and Language
 - b) Mathematics
 - c) Science and Technology
 - d) Social Studies, History and Geography
 - e) Visual and Performing Arts
 - f) Health and Physical Education

Work and Contribute

7) Demonstrate personal responsibility for planning one's future academic and career options.

- 8) Participate in a school or community service activity.
- 9) Develop informed opinions about current economic, environmental, political and social issues affecting Massachusetts, the United States and the world and understand how citizens can participate in the political and legal system to affect improvements in these areas.

Learning Standards from the Massachusetts Curriculum Framework:

A chart is attached identifying which of the standards from the Massachusetts Curriculum Frameworks will e assessed in this course.

Additional Learning Objectives Beyond the Curriculum Framework:

Content Outline: A. Unit One

1. Terms to be defined and applied:

"City upon the hill" Puritan Ethic Predestination Weaning of affections Plain Style Theocracy Self- Examination Supremacy of Divine Will

2. Characteristics of Puritanism:

a. The individual's fate is in God's hands. The purpose of life is to please God, gain and maintain his grace and thereby enter heaven. Grace - the miracle by which God grants some people the ability to love truly (No envy, no lust, no vanity)

b. Religious law is civil law - Theocracy

c. Achieving and maintaining God's grace requires vigilance. Self examination and soul- searching , as well as keeping a close eye on your neighbor's soul , were the duties of the elect as well as the non-elect

d. Through hard work, self -discipline, frugality, self-improvement, and sacrifice one could gain grace and forgiveness.

e. The world was clearly divided into good and evil. The Forest with its wild Indians and darkness was to be subdued and brought to God.

Writing / Speaking-- Response to Literature

3. Choose John Proctor or the Reverend John Hale from Arthur Miller's, The Crucible, and explain how the character changes over the course of the play.

4. Using Edward's "Sinners in the Hands of an Angry God "as a model, write a sermon persuading your peers to change their evil ways and seek grace.

Be sure to use concrete images that will be meaningful to your contempory audience.

5. Write an essay in which you describe how each one of the three main adult characters in Hawthorne's The Scarlet Letter, changes as a result of the adultery.

Content Outline

B. Unit Two

1. Terms to be defined and applied

- Aphorism Parallel Structure Rhetorical Devices Rational Thought Diction Deism
- 2. Characteristics of Classicism
- a. Valued : reason over faith and imagination, the social over the personal the common over the individual
- b. Concerned with this life not the next
- c. People are by nature good
- d. Nature is a self-contained machine, whose laws of operation could be rationally understood.
- e. A belief in a benevolent deity whose greatest gift to man was the ability to reason.
- f. A belief that the individual is in charge of his or her own destiny.

Writing /Speaking - Response to Literature

- **3.** Create a venn diagram comparing and contrasting the characteristics of Puritanism with those of Classicism.
- 4. Write one aphorism or proverb for today's world. Type and mount the proverb to colored paper. Staple proverb to bulletin board. Explain to the class why you think this is a good guide to life.
- 5. Write an essay in which you examine Puritan influences in Franklin's "Autobiography"

Content Outline

C. Unit Three

1. Terms to be defined and applied :

Stock Characters Romantic hero Alliteration

- Assonance Consonance The Single Effect Onomatopoeia Internal Rhyme Refrain Quatrain Rhyme scheme Gothic Transcendentalism
- 2. Characteristics of Romanticism
- a. Profound love of nature
- b. Focus on the self and the individual
- c. Stress on emotion, not reason
- d. Fascination with the supernatural, the mysterious
- e. Yearning for the picturesque, the exotic, and the misty past
- f. Exploration of the depth of human nature
- g. Deep rooted idealism
- h. Belief in a harmonious relationship between God and nature.

Writing/Speaking - Response to Literature

- 1. Make a poster which identifies the traditional elements of a folk tale evident in Irving's "Devil and Tom Walker" or "Rip van Winkle".
- 2. Write an essay comparing "Psalm of Life" and "The Tide Rises, The Tide Falls" by Longfellow.
- 3. Choose a poem from the unit to memorize and recite to the class.
- 4. Write an essay comparing the meaning of Dickinson's" Much Madness is Divinest Sense" with Emerson's theme in "Self- Reliance"

Content Outline

D. Unit Four

1. Terms to be defined and applied:

Verbal Irony	Local Color
Dramatic Irony	Vernacular
Situational Irony	Petrarchan Sonnet
Social Darwinism	Point of View

2. Characteristics of Regionalism/ Realism:

a. Concerned with the lives of ordinary people

b. Realistic use of dialect

- c. Accurate descriptions of customs, culture and folk ways
- d. Accurate representation without idealization
- e. An examination of the middle ground of life- common human problem in social settings.
- f. Focus on the common man
- g. Criticism of Romantics
- h. Use of irony as central tool to emphasize appearance v.s. reality
- i. More relativism than manichean view of human condition
- 3. Characteristics of Naturalism:
- a. Social Darwinism Darwin's theory of evolution applied to human beings.
- b. The individual's fate is determined by heredity and environment.
- c. The individual who adapts best to his environment will survive.
- d. Nature is indifferent to man.
- e. Life is more about chance than justice or mercy
- f. Human beings are often caught within forces of nature or society that are beyond their understanding or control.
- g. Death is death and nothing more

Writing/ Speaking- Response to Literature

- 4. Write the first few paragraphs of a story set in Chelmsford. Think like a regionalist and give your readers a feel for what life is like here. Be sure to include Chelmsford vernacular and social customs.
- **5.** Reread Robinson's sonnet "Annadale". Using "Annadale" as a model, write a petrachan sonnet that deals with a contemporary moral dilemma.
- 6. Using one of Crane's poems as a model, write a poem that has a naturalistic theme.
- 7. Choose one of the Crane poems read in class and illustrate the strongest image in the poem. You should use a combination of : crayons, computer graphics, black ink, magazine photos and markers

Content Outline

F. Unit Six

1. Terms to be defined and applied:

Alienation Stream of consciousness Wasteland Flashback Dramatic Monologue Internal/External conflict

- 2. Characteristics of Modernism
- a. Modernists view the world as a violent place
- b. They view the world as a spiritually empty place; man has abandon the idea of God.
- c. They seem to be searching for a new source of hope.
- d. The writings are fragmented and out of order because that is the way Modernists view the world.
- e. Loneliness and an inability to communicate are central themes.
- f. Disillusionment and unresolved endings are common.

Writing /Speaking - Response to Literature

3. Read William Carlos Williams' poem. "Red Wheel Barrow". Using your notes from the semester, write three different interpretations of the poem. Choose from : Puritan, Romantic, Transcendentalist, Naturalist, or Modernist. Pick your strongest interpretation and present it to the class.

4. Create a power point presentation that compares Jim Burden from Cather's My Antonia to Jay Gatsby from Fitzgerald's The Great Gatsby. Conclude your presentation with a summation of how these two characters represent the changing values in America.

Major Evaluation Strategies:

Name of	Туре	of Assessment	Common	Standards	<u>Other</u>
Assessment	Test	Performance	Goals	Assessed	Objectives
		Assessment	Assessed		Assessed
Choose John		\square	1,2,6a, 6d	6,8,9,11,15,17,19-23	
Proctor or the					
Reverend John Hale					
from Arthur					
Miller's, The					
Crucible, and					
explain how the					
character changes					
over the course of					
the play.					
Using Edward's		\boxtimes	1-4 6a, 9	3,6,9,10,15,19-25	
"Sinners in the			1-4 0a, 9	5,0,9,10,15,19-25	
Hands of an Angry					
God "as a model,					
,					
write a sermon					
persuading your					
peers to change					
their evil ways and					
seek grace.					
Be sure to use					
concrete images that					
will be meaningful					
to your contempory					
audience.					
Write an essay in		\square	1,2,6d	6,8,9,11,15,17,19-23	
which you describe					
how each one of the					
three main adult					
characters in					
Hawthorne's The					
Scarlet Letter,					
changes as a result					
of the					
adultery.					
Create a venn		\square	1,3,6a	3,6,8,9,10,11,13,19,21,23	
diagram comparing					
and contrasting the					
characteristics of					
Puritanism with					
those of Classicism.					
Write one aphorism		\square	2,4,6e,9	2,3,6,7,19,20,21,22,23,27	
or proverb for			_, .,, ,	_,_,0,,,,,,,0,,21,,22,,23,27	
today's world.					
Type and mount the					
proverb to colored					
paper. Staple					
proverb to bulletin					
board. Explain to					
the class why you					
think this is a good	1				

guide to life.				
Write an essay in		\square	1,2,6a,6d	6,8,9,11,15,17,19-23
which you examine			-,-,-,-,-	
Puritan influences in				
Franklin's				
"Autobiography"				
Make a poster		\boxtimes	1,2,3,6a,6e	6,8,9,11,12,15,19-25
which identifies the			1,2,3,00,00	0,0,9,11,12,13,19 23
traditional elements				
of a folk tale evident				
in Irving's "Devil				
and Tom Walker"				
or "Rip van				
Winkle".				
Write an essay		\square	1,2,6a	6,8,9,11,15,17,19-23
comparing "Psalm			1,2,0a	0,0,9,11,13,17,19-23
of Life" and "The				
Tide Rises, The				
Tide Falls" by				
Longfellow.				
Choose a poem			1,3,6a	3,7,8,15,18
from the unit to			1,5,0a	5,7,0,15,10
memorize and recite				
to the class.				
Write an essay			1260	6,8,9,11,15,17,19-23
			1,2,6a	0,0,9,11,13,17,19-25
comparing the meaning of				
Dickinson's" Much				
Madness is Divinest				
Sense" with				
Emerson's theme in				
"Self- Reliance"				
Using one of			1,2,6a, 9	3,4,5,6,
Crane's poems as a			1,2,0a, 9	5,4,5,0,
model, write a poem				
that has a				
naturalistic theme.				
Write the first few		\square	1,2,3,6a,9	3,4,5,6,19-23
paragraphs of a			1,2,5,08,9	5,4,5,0,19-25
story set in				
Chelmsford. Think				
like a regionalist				
-				
and give your readers a feel for				
what life is like				
here. Be sure to				
include Chelmsford				
vernacular and				
social customs.				
Read William			12260	2 5 6 10 20 21 22 22
Carlos Williams'			1,2,3,6a	3,5,6,19,20,21,22,23
poem. "Red Wheel				
Barrow". Using				
your notes from the				
semester, write	1			

three different interpretations of the poem. Choose from : Puritan, Romantic, Transcendentalist, Naturalist, or Modernist. Pick your strongest				
interpretation and present it to the				
class.				
Create a power point presentation that compares Jim Burden from Cather's My Antonia to Jay Gatsby from Fitzgerald's The Great Gatsby. Conclude your presentation with a summation of how these two characters represent the changing values in America .		1,2,3,4,6a,6c,6e	2,3,19,20,21,22,23,25,26,27	

Learning Standards from the Massachusetts Curriculum Framework:

Lan	guage Strand	
	Standard 1:	Students will use agreed-upon rules for informal and formal discussions in
	Discussion	small and large groups.
\square	Standard 2:	Students will pose questions, listen to the ideas of others, and contribute
	Questioning,	their own information or ideas in group discussions or interviews in order to
	Listening, and	acquire new knowledge.
	Contributing	acquire new knowledge.
\square	Standard 3:	Students will make oral presentations that demonstrate appropriate
	Oral Presentation	consideration of audience, purpose, and the information to be conveyed.
\square	Standard 4:	Students will understand and acquire new vocabulary and use it correctly in
	Vocabulary and	reading and writing.
	Concept Development	
	Standard 5:	Students will analyze standard English grammar and usage and recognize
	Structure and Origins	how its vocabulary has developed and been influenced by other languages.
	of Modern English	, <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>
\square	Standard 6:	Students will describe, analyze, and use appropriately formal and informal
	Formal and Informal	English.
	English	
Rea	ding and Literature Stra	
	Standard 7:	Students will understand the nature of written English and the relationship
	Beginning Reading	of letters and spelling patterns to the sounds of speech.
\square	Standard 8:	Students will identify the basic facts and main ideas in a text and use them
	Understanding a Text	as the basis for interpretation.
\boxtimes	Standard 9:	Students will deepen their understanding of a literary or non-literary work
	Making Connections	by relating it to its contemporary context or historical background.
\square	Standard 10:	Students will identify, analyze, and apply knowledge of the characteristics
	Genre	of different genres.
\square	Standard 11:	Students will identify, analyze, and apply knowledge of theme in a literary
	Theme	work and provide evidence from the text to support their understanding.
\square	Standard 12:	Students will identify, analyze, and apply knowledge of the structure and
	Fiction	elements of fiction and provide evidence from the text to support their
		understanding.
\square	Standard 13:	Students will identify, analyze, and apply knowledge of the purposes,
	Nonfiction	structure, and elements of nonfiction or informational materials and provide
		evidence from the text to support their understanding.
\square	Standard 14:	Students will identify, analyze, and apply knowledge of the themes,
	Poetry	structure, and elements of poetry and provide evidence from the text to
	~	support their understanding.
\square	Standard 15:	Students will identify and analyze how an author's words appeal to the
	Style and Language	senses, create imagery, suggest mood, and set tone, and provide evidence
	0. 1. 1.1.6	from the text to support their understanding.
	Standard 16:	Students will identify, analyze, and apply knowledge of the themes,
	Myth, Traditional	structure, and elements of myths, traditional narratives, and classical
	Narrative, and	literature and provide evidence from the text to support their understanding.
	Classical Literature	

Rea	ding and Literature S	trand(cont'd)
\boxtimes	Standard 17:	Students will identify, analyze, and apply knowledge of the themes, structure,
	Dramatic Literature	and elements of drama and provide evidence from the text to support their
		understanding.
\square	Standard 18:	Students will plan and present dramatic readings, recitations, and
	Dramatic Reading	performances that demonstrate appropriate consideration of audience and
	and Performance	purpose.
Con	nposition Strand	
\boxtimes	Standard 19:	Students will write with a clear focus, coherent organization, and sufficient
	Writing	detail.
\boxtimes	Standard 20:	Students will write for different audiences and purposes.
	Consideration of	
	Audience and	
	Purpose	
\square	Standard 21:	Students will demonstrate improvement in organization, content, paragraph
	Revising	development, level of detail, style, tone, and word choice (diction) in their
	C	compositions after revising them.
\square	Standard 22:	Students will use knowledge of standard English conventions in their writing,
	Standard English	revising, and editing.
	Conventions	
\boxtimes	Standard 23:	Students will organize ideas in writing in a way that makes sense for their
	Organizing Ideas in	purpose.
	Writing	
	Standard 24:	Students will gather information from a variety of sources, analyze and
	Research	evaluate the quality of the information they obtain, and use it to answer their
		own questions.
\boxtimes	Standard 25:	Students will develop and use appropriate rhetorical, logical, and stylistic
	Evaluating Writing	criteria for assessing final versions of their compositions or research projects
	and Presentations	before presenting them to varied audiences.
Med	lia Strand	
\boxtimes	Standard 26:	Students will identify, analyze, and apply knowledge of the conventions,
	Analysis of Media	elements, and techniques of film, radio, video, television, multimedia
		productions, the Internet, and emerging technologies and provide evidence
		from the works to support their understanding.
\boxtimes	Standard 27:	Students will design and create coherent media productions (audio, video,
	Media Production	television, multimedia, Internet, emerging technologies) with a clear
		controlling idea, adequate detail, and appropriate consideration of audience,
		purpose, and medium.